

**UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



**Syllabus for F.Y.B.Sc.**

**Programme: B.Sc.**

**Course: Information Technology**

with effect from the academic year

2016 – 2017

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<b>Semester – 1</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Course Type</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Credits</b>
USIT101	Core Subject	Imperative Programming	2
USIT102	Core Subject	Digital Electronics	2
USIT103	Core Subject	Operating Systems	2
USIT104	Core Subject	Discrete Mathematics	2
USIT105	Ability Enhancement Skill Course	Communication Skills	2
USIT1P1	Core Subject Practical	Imperative Programming Practical	2
USIT1P2	Core Subject Practical	Digital Electronics Practical	2
USIT1P3	Core Subject Practical	Operating Systems Practical	2
USIT1P4	Core Subject Practical	Discrete Mathematics Practical	2
USIT1P5	Ability Enhancement Skill Course Practical	Communication Skills Practical	2
<b>Total Credits</b>			<b>20</b>

<b>Semester – 2</b>			
<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Course Type</b>	<b>Course Title</b>	<b>Credits</b>
USIT201	Core Subject	Object oriented Programming	2
USIT202	Core Subject	Microprocessor Architecture	2
USIT203	Core Subject	Web Programming	2
USIT204	Core Subject	Numerical and Statistical Methods	2
USIT205	Ability Enhancement Skill Course	Green Computing	2
USIT2P1	Core Subject Practical	Object Oriented Programming Practical	2
USIT2P2	Core Subject Practical	Microprocessor Architecture Practical	2
USIT2P3	Core Subject Practical	Web Programming Practical	2
USIT2P4	Core Subject Practical	Numerical and Statistical Methods Practical	2
USIT2P5	Ability Enhancement Skill Course Practical	Green Computing Practical	2
<b>Total Credits</b>			<b>20</b>

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## **Preamble**

The B.Sc. Information Technology programme was started in 2001 with an aim to make the students employable and impart industry oriented training. The main objectives of the course are:

- to think analytically, creatively and critically in developing robust, extensible and highly maintainable technological solutions to simple and complex problems.
- to apply their knowledge and skills to be employed and excel in IT professional careers and/or to continue their education in IT and/or related post graduate programmes.
- to be capable of managing complex IT projects with consideration of the human, financial and environmental factors.
- to work effectively as a part of a team to achieve a common stated goal.
- to adhere to the highest standards of ethics, including relevant industry and organizational codes of conduct.
- to communicate effectively with a range of audiences both technical and non-technical.
- to develop an aptitude to engage in continuing professional development.

The new syllabus is aimed to achieve the objectives. The syllabus spanning three years covers the industry relevant courses. The students will be ready for the jobs available in different fields like:

- Software Development (Programming)
- Website Development
- Mobile app development
- Embedded Systems Programming
- Embedded Systems Development
- Software Testing
- Networking
- Database Administration
- System Administration
- Cyber Law Consultant
- GIS (Geographic Information Systems)
- IT Service Desk
- Security

And many others

The students will also be trained in communication skills and green computing.

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# **SEMESTER I**

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<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Imperative Programming</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT101</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Introduction:</b> Types of Programming languages, History, features and application. Simple program logic, program development cycle, pseudocode statements and flowchart symbols, sentinel value to end a program, programming and user environments, evolution of programming models., desirable program characteristics.</p> <p><b>Fundamentals:</b> Structure of a program. Compilation and Execution of a Program, Character Set, identifiers and keywords, data types, constants, variables and arrays, declarations, expressions, statements, Variable definition, symbolic constants.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Operators and Expressions:</b> Arithmetic operators, unary operators, relational and logical operators, assignment operators, assignment operators, the conditional operator, library functions.</p> <p><b>Data Input and output:</b> Single character input and output, entering input data, scanf function, printf function, gets and puts functions, interactive programming.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Conditional Statements and Loops:</b> Decision Making Within A Program, Conditions, Relational Operators, Logical Connectives, If Statement, If-Else Statement, Loops: While Loop, Do While, For Loop. Nested Loops, Infinite Loops, Switch Statement</p> <p><b>Functions:</b> Overview, defining a function, accessing a function, passing arguments to a function, specifying argument data types, function prototypes, recursion, modular programming and functions, standard library of c functions, prototype of a function: foollal parameter list, return type, function call, block structure, passing arguments to a function: call by reference, call by value.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Program structure:</b> Storage classes, automatic variables, external variables, static variables, multifile programs, more library functions,</p> <p><b>Preprocessor:</b> Features, #define and #include, Directives and Macros</p> <p><b>Arrays:</b> Definition, processing, passing arrays to functions, multidimensional arrays, arrays and strings.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Pointers:</b> Fundamentals, declarations, Pointers Address Operators, Pointer Type Declaration, Pointer Assignment, Pointer Initialization, Pointer Arithmetic, Functions and Pointers, Arrays And Pointers, Pointer Arrays, passing functions to other functions</p>	<b>12</b>

	<b>Structures and Unions:</b> Structure Variables, Initialization, Structure Assignment, Nested Structure, Structures and Functions, Structures and Arrays: Arrays of Structures, Structures Containing Arrays, Unions, Structures and pointers.	
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<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Programming with C	Byron Gottfried	Tata McGRAW-Hill	2 <sup>nd</sup>	1996
2.	Programming Logic and Design	Joyce Farell	Cengage Learning	8 <sup>th</sup>	2014
3.	“C” Programming”	Brian W. Kernighan and Denis M. Ritchie.	PHI	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
4.	Let us C	Yashwant P. Kanetkar,	BPB publication		
5.	C for beginners	Madhusudan Mothe	X-Team Series	1 <sup>st</sup>	2008
6.	21 <sup>st</sup> Century C	Ben Klemens	OReilly	1 <sup>st</sup>	2012

<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Imperative Programming Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT1P2</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical: (Can be done in any imperative language)</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Basic Programs:</b>
a.	Write a program to display the message HELLO WORLD.
b.	Write a program to declare some variables of type int, float and double. Assign some values to these variables and display these values.
c.	Write a program to find the addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of two numbers.
<b>2.</b>	<b>Programs on variables:</b>
a.	Write a program to swap two numbers without using third variable.
b.	Write a program to find the area of rectangle, square and circle.
c.	Write a program to find the volume of a cube, sphere, and cylinder.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Conditional statements and loops(basic)</b>
a.	Write a program to enter a number from the user and display the month name. If number >13 then display invalid input using switch case.
b.	Write a program to check whether the number is even or odd.
c.	Write a program to check whether the number is positive, negative or zero.
d.	Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
e.	Write a program to check whether the entered number is prime or not.
f.	Write a program to find the largest of three numbers.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Conditional statements and loops(advanced)</b>
a.	Write a program to find the sum of squares of digits of a number.
b.	Write a program to reverse the digits of an integer.
c.	Write a program to find the sum of numbers from 1 to 100.
d.	Write a programs to print the Fibonacci series.
e.	Write a program to find the reverse of a number.
f.	Write a program to find whether a given number is palindrome or not.
g.	Write a program that solve the quadratic equation $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
h.	Write a program to check whether the entered number is Armstrong or not.
i.	Write a program to count the digit in a number
<b>5.</b>	<b>Programs on patterns:</b>
a.	Programs on different patterns.

<b>6.</b>	<b>Functions:</b>
a.	Programs on Functions.
<b>7.</b>	<b>Recursive functions</b>
a.	Write a program to find the factorial of a number using recursive function.
b.	Write a program to find the sum of natural number using recursive function.
<b>8.</b>	<b>Arrays</b>
a.	Write a program to find the largest value that is stored in the array.
b.	Write a program using pointers to compute the sum of all elements stored in an array.
c.	Write a program to arrange the 'n' numbers stored in the array in ascending and descending order.
d.	Write a program that performs addition and subtraction of matrices.
e.	Write a program that performs multiplication of matrices.
<b>9.</b>	<b>Pointers</b>
a.	Write a program to demonstrate the use of pointers.
b.	Write a program to perform addition and subtraction of two pointer variables.
<b>10.</b>	<b>Structures and Unions</b>
a.	Programs on structures.
b.	Programs on unions.

<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
Course Name: Digital Electronics		Course Code: USIT102	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	2½	75
	<b>Internal</b>	--	25

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Number System:</b> Analog System, digital system, numbering system, binary number system, octal number system, hexadecimal number system, conversion from one number system to another, floating point numbers, weighted codes binary coded decimal, non-weighted codes Excess – 3 code, Gray code, Alphanumeric codes – ASCII Code, EBCDIC, ISCII Code, Hollerith Code, Morse Code, Teletypewriter (TTY), Error detection and correction, Universal Product Code, Code conversion.</p> <p><b>Binary Arithmetic:</b> Binary addition, Binary subtraction, Negative number representation, Subtraction using 1's complement and 2's complement, Binary multiplication and division, Arithmetic in octal number system, Arithmetic in hexadecimal number system, BCD and Excess – 3 arithmetic.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates:</b> Introduction, Logic (AND OR NOT), Boolean theorems, Boolean Laws, De Morgan's Theorem, Perfect Induction, Reduction of Logic expression using Boolean Algebra, Deriving Boolean expression from given circuit, exclusive OR and Exclusive NOR gates, Universal Logic gates, Implementation of other gates using universal gates, Input bubbled logic, Assertion level.</p> <p><b>Minterm, Maxterm and Karnaugh Maps:</b> Introduction, minterms and sum of minterm form, maxterm and Product of maxterm form, Reduction technique using Karnaugh maps – 2/3/4/5/6 variable K-maps, Grouping of variables in K-maps, K-maps for product of sum form, minimize Boolean expression using K-map and obtain K-map from Boolean expression, Quine Mc Cluskey Method.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Combinational Logic Circuits:</b> Introduction, Multi-input, multi-output Combinational circuits, Code converters design and implementations</p> <p><b>Arithmetic Circuits:</b> Introduction, Adder, BCD Adder, Excess – 3 Adder, Binary Subtractors, BCD Subtractor, Multiplier, Comparator.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, ALU, Encoder and Decoder:</b> Introduction, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Decoder, ALU, Encoders.</p> <p><b>Sequential Circuits: Flip-Flop:</b> Introduction, Terminologies used, S-R flip-flop, D flip-flop, JK flip-flop, Race-around condition, Master – slave JK flip-flop, T flip-flop,</p>	<b>12</b>

	conversion from one type of flip-flop to another, Application of flip-flops.	
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Counters:</b> Introduction, Asynchronous counter, Terms related to counters, IC 7493 (4-bit binary counter), Synchronous counter, Bushing, Type T Design, Type JK Design, Presetable counter, IC 7490, IC 7492, Synchronous counter ICs, Analysis of counter circuits.</p> <p><b>Shift Register:</b> Introduction, parallel and shift registers, serial shifting, serial-in serial-out, serial-in parallel-out, parallel-in parallel-out, Ring counter, Johnson counter, Applications of shift registers, Pseudo-random binary sequence generator, IC7495, Seven Segment displays, analysis of shift counters.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Digital Electronics and Logic Design	N. G. Palan	Technova		
2.	Make Electronics	Charles Platt	O'Reilly	1 <sup>st</sup>	2010
3.	Modern Digital Electronics	R. P. Jain	Tata McGraw Hill	3 <sup>rd</sup>	
4.	Digital Principles and Applications	Malvino and Leach	Tata McGraw Hill		
5.	Digital Electronics: Principles, Devices and Applications,	Anil K. Maini	Wiley		2007

<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Digital Electronics Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT1P2</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Study of Logic gates and their ICs and universal gates:</b>
a.	Study of AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR, NAND and NOR gates
b.	IC 7400, 7402, 7404, 7408, 7432, 7486, 74266
c.	Implement AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR using NAND gates.
d.	Implement AND, OR, NOT, XOR, XNOR using NOR gates.
<b>2.</b>	<b>Implement the given Boolean expressions using minimum number of gates.</b>
a.	Verifying De Morgan's laws.
b.	Implement other given expressions using minimum number of gates.
c.	Implement other given expressions using minimum number of ICs.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Implement combinational circuits.</b>
a.	Design and implement combinational circuit based on the problem given and minimizing using K-maps.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Implement code converters.</b>
a.	Design and implement Binary – to – Gray code converter.
b.	Design and implement Gray – to – Binary code converter.
c.	Design and implement Binary – to – BCD code converter
d.	Design and implement Binary – to – XS-3 code converter
<b>5.</b>	<b>Implement Adder and Subtractor Arithmetic circuits.</b>
a.	Design and implement Half adder and Full adder.
b.	Design and implement BCD adder.
c.	Design and implement XS – 3 adder.
d.	Design and implement binary subtractor.
e.	Design and implement BCD subtractor.
f.	Design and implement XS – 3 subtractor.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Implement Arithmetic circuits.</b>
a.	Design and implement a 2-bit by 2-bit multiplier.
b.	Design and implement a 2-bit comparator.
<b>7.</b>	<b>Implement Encode and Decoder and Multiplexer and Demultiplexers.</b>
a.	Design and implement 8:3 encoder.
b.	Design and implement 3:8 decoder.
c.	Design and implement 4:1 multiplexer. Study of IC 74153, 74157
d.	Design and implement 1:4 demultiplexer. Study of IC 74139
e.	Implement the given expression using IC 74151 8:1 multiplexer.
f.	Implement the given expression using IC 74138 3:8 decoder.

<b>8.</b>	<b>Study of flip-flops and counters.</b>
a.	Study of IC 7473.
b.	Study of IC 7474.
c.	Study of IC 7476.
d.	Conversion of Flip-flops.
e.	Design of 3-bit synchronous counter using 7473 and required gates.
f.	Design of 3-bit ripple counter using IC 7473.
<b>9.</b>	<b>Study of counter ICs and designing Mod-N counters.</b>
a.	Study of IC 7490, 7492, 7493 and designing mod-n counters using these.
b.	Designing mod-n counters using IC 7473 and 7400 (NAND gates)
<b>10.</b>	<b>Design of shift registers and shift register counters.</b>
a.	Design serial – in serial – out, serial – in parallel – out, parallel – in serial – out, parallel – in parallel – out and bidirectional shift registers using IC 7474.
b.	Study of ID 7495.
c.	Implementation of digits using seven segment displays.

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Digital Electronics and Logic Design	N. G. Palan	Technova		
2.	Digital Principles and Applications	Malvino and Leach	Tata McGraw Hill		



<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Operating Systems</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT103</b>	
<b>Periods per week 1 Period is 50 minutes</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Introduction:</b> What is an operating system? History of operating system, computer hardware, different operating systems, operating system concepts, system calls, operating system structure.</p> <p><b>Processes and Threads:</b> Processes, threads, interprocess communication, scheduling, IPC problems.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Memory Management:</b> No memory abstraction, memory abstraction: address spaces, virtual memory, page replacement algorithms, design issues for paging systems, implementation issues, segmentation.</p> <p><b>File Systems:</b> Files, directories, file system implementation, file-system management and optimization, MS-DOS file system, UNIX V7 file system, CD ROM file system.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Input-Output:</b> Principles of I/O hardware, Principles of I/O software, I/O software layers, disks, clocks, user interfaces: keyboard, mouse, monitor, thin clients, power management,</p> <p><b>Deadlocks:</b> Resources, introduction to deadlocks, the ostrich algorithm, deadlock detection and recovery, deadlock avoidance, deadlock prevention, issues.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Virtualization and Cloud:</b> History, requirements for virtualization, type 1 and 2 hypervisors, techniques for efficient virtualization, hypervisor microkernels, memory virtualization, I/O virtualization, Virtual appliances, virtual machines on multicore CPUs, Clouds.</p> <p><b>Multiple Processor Systems</b> Multiprocessors, multicomputers, distributed systems.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Case Study on LINUX and ANDROID:</b> History of Unix and Linux, Linux Overview, Processes in Linux, Memory management in Linux, I/O in Linux, Linux file system, security in Linux. Android</p> <p><b>Case Study on Windows:</b> History of windows through Windows 10, programming windows, system structure, processes and threads in windows, memory management, caching in windows, I/O in windows, Windows NT file system, Windows power management, Security in windows.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Modern Operating Systems	Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Herbert Bos	Pearson	4 <sup>th</sup>	2014
2.	Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles	Willaim Stallings	Pearson	8 <sup>th</sup>	2009
3.	Operating System Concepts	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B. Galvineg Gagne	Wiley	8 <sup>th</sup>	
4.	Operating Systems	Godbole and Kahate	McGraw Hill	3 <sup>rd</sup>	

<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Operating Systems Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT1P3</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical</b>	
<b>1.</b>	Installation of virtual machine software.
<b>2.</b>	Installation of Linux operating system (RedHat / Ubuntu) on virtual machine.
<b>3.</b>	Installation of Windows operating system on virtual machine.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Linux commands: Working with Directories:</b>
a.	pwd, cd, absolute and relative paths, ls, mkdir, rmdir,
b.	file, touch, rm, cp, mv, rename, head, tail, cat, tac, more, less, strings, chmod
<b>5.</b>	<b>Linux commands: Working with files:</b>
a.	ps, top, kill, pkill, bg, fg,
b.	grep, locate, find, locate.
c.	date, cal, uptime, w, whoami, finger, uname, man, df, du, free, whereis, which.
d.	Compression: tar, gzip.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Windows (DOS) Commands – 1</b>
a.	Date, time, prompt, md, cd, rd, path.
b.	Chkdsk, copy, xcopy, format, fidsk, cls, defrag, del, move.
<b>7.</b>	<b>Windows (DOS) Commands – 2</b>
a.	Diskcomp, diskcopy, diskpart, doskey, echo
b.	Edit, fc, find, rename, set, type, ver
<b>8.</b>	<b>Working with Windows Desktop and utilities</b>
a.	Notepad
b.	Wordpad
c.	Paint
d.	Taskbar
e.	Adjusting display resolution
f.	Using the browsers
g.	Configuring simple networking
h.	Creating users and shares
<b>9.</b>	<b>Working with Linux Desktop and utilities</b>
a.	The vi editor.
b.	Graphics
c.	Terminal

d.	Adjusting display resolution
e.	Using the browsers
f.	Configuring simple networking
g.	Creating users and shares
<b>10.</b>	<b>Installing utility software on Linux and Windows</b>

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Discrete Mathematics</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT104</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Introduction:</b> Variables, The Language of Sets, The Language of Relations and Function</p> <p><b>Set Theory:</b> Definitions and the Element Method of Proof, Properties of Sets, Disproofs, Algebraic Proofs, Boolean Algebras, Russell’s Paradox and the Halting Problem.</p> <p><b>The Logic of Compound Statements:</b> Logical Form and Logical Equivalence, Conditional Statements, Valid and Invalid Arguments</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Quantified Statements:</b> Predicates and Quantified Statements, Statements with Multiple Quantifiers, Arguments with Quantified Statements</p> <p><b>Elementary Number Theory and Methods of Proof:</b> Introduction to Direct Proofs, Rational Numbers, Divisibility, Division into Cases and the Quotient-Remainder Theorem, Floor and Ceiling, Indirect Argument: Contradiction and Contraposition, Two Classical Theorems, Applications in algorithms.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Sequences, Mathematical Induction, and Recursion:</b> Sequences, Mathematical Induction, Strong Mathematical Induction and the Well-Ordering Principle for the Integers, Correctness of algorithms, defining sequences recursively, solving recurrence relations by iteration, Second order linear homogenous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. general recursive definitions and structural induction.</p> <p><b>Functions:</b> Functions Defined on General Sets, One-to-One and Onto, Inverse Functions, Composition of Functions, Cardinality with Applications to Computability</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Relations:</b> Relations on Sets, Reflexivity, Symmetry, and Transitivity, Equivalence Relations, Partial Order Relations</p> <p><b>Graphs and Trees:</b> Definitions and Basic Properties, Trails, Paths, and Circuits, Matrix Representations of Graphs, Isomorphism’s of Graphs, Trees, Rooted Trees, Isomorphism’s of Graphs, Spanning trees and shortest paths.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Counting and Probability:</b> Introduction, Possibility Trees and the Multiplication Rule, Possibility Trees and the Multiplication Rule, Counting Elements of Disjoint Sets: The Addition Rule, The Pigeonhole Principle, Counting Subsets of a Set: Combinations, r-Combinations with Repetition Allowed, Probability Axioms and Expected Value, Conditional Probability, Bayes’ Formula, and Independent Events.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Discrete Mathematics with Applications	Sussana S. Epp	Cengage Learning	4 <sup>th</sup>	2010
2.	Discrete Mathematics, Schaum's Outlines Series	Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lipson	Tata MCGraw Hill		2007
3.	Discrete Mathematics and its Applications	Kenneth H. Rosen	Tata MCGraw Hill		
4.	Discrete mathematical structures	B Kolman RC Busby, S Ross	PHI		
5.	Discrete structures	Liu	Tata MCGraw Hill		

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Discrete Mathematics Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT1P4</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>List of Practical: Write the programs for the following using SCILAB</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Set Theory</b>
a.	Inclusion Exclusion principle.
b.	Power Sets
c.	Mathematical Induction
<b>2.</b>	<b>Functions and Algorithms</b>
a.	Recursively defined functions
b.	Cardinality
c.	Polynomial evaluation
d.	Greatest Common Divisor
<b>3.</b>	<b>Counting</b>
a.	Sum rule principle
b.	Product rule principle
c.	Factorial
d.	Binomial coefficients
e.	Permutations
f.	Permutations with repetitions
g.	Combinations
h.	Combinations with repetitions
i.	Ordered partitions
j.	Unordered partitions
<b>4.</b>	<b>Probability Theory</b>
a.	Sample space and events
b.	Finite probability spaces
c.	Equiprobable spaces
d.	Addition Principle
e.	Conditional Probability
f.	Multiplication theorem for conditional probability
g.	Independent events
h.	Repeated trials with two outcomes
<b>5.</b>	<b>Graph Theory</b>
a.	Paths and connectivity
b.	Minimum spanning tree
c.	Isomorphism

<b>6.</b>	<b>Directed Graphs</b>
a.	Adjacency matrix
b.	Path matrix
<b>7.</b>	<b>Properties of integers</b>
a.	Division algorithm
b.	Primes
c.	Euclidean algorithm
d.	Fundamental theorem of arithmetic
e.	Congruence relation
f.	Linear congruence equation
<b>8.</b>	<b>Algebraic Systems</b>
a.	Properties of operations
b.	Roots of polynomials
<b>9.</b>	<b>Boolean Algebra</b>
a.	Basic definitions in Boolean Algebra
b.	Boolean algebra as lattices
<b>10.</b>	<b>Recurrence relations</b>
a.	Linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients
b.	Solving linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients
c.	Solving general homogeneous linear recurrence relations



<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Communication Skills</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT105</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>The Seven Cs of Effective Communication:</b> Completeness, Conciseness, Consideration, Concreteness, Clarity, Courtesy, Correctness</p> <p><b>Understanding Business Communication:</b> Nature and Scope of Communication, Non-verbal Communication, Cross-cultural communication, Technology-enabled Business Communication</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Writing Business Messages and Documents:</b> Business writing, Business Correspondence, Instructions Business Reports and Proposals, Career building and Resume writing.</p> <p><b>Developing Oral Communication Skills for Business:</b> Effective Listening, Business Presentations and Public Speaking, Conversations, Interviews</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Developing Oral Communication Skills for Business:</b> Meetings and Conferences, Group Discussions and Team Presentations, Team Briefing,</p> <p><b>Understanding Specific Communication Needs:</b> Communication across Functional Areas</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Understanding Specific Communication Needs:</b> Corporate Communication, Persuasive Strategies in Business Communication, Ethics in Business Communication, Business Communication Aids</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Presentation Process:</b> Planning the presentations, executing the presentations, Impressing the audience by performing, Planning stage: Brainstorming, mind maps / concept maps, executing stage: chunking theory, creating outlines, Use of templates. Adding graphics to your presentation: Visual communication, Impress stage: use of font, colour, layout, Importance of practice and performance.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Business Communication	Edited by Meenakshi Raman and Prakash Singh	Oxford University Press	Second	
2.	Professional Communication	Aruna Koneru	Tata McGraw Hill		

3.	Strategies for improving your business communication	Prof. M. S. Rao	Shroff publishers and distributors		2016
4.	Business Communication	Dr. Rishipal and Dr. Jyoti Sheoran	SPD		2014
5.	Graphics for Learning: Proven Guidelines for Planning, Designing, and Evaluating Visuals in Training Materials	Ruth C. Clark, Chopeta Lyons,	Pfeiffer, Wiley		2011
6.	Basic Business Communication: Skills for Empowering the Internet Generation	Lesikar Raymond V and Marie E. Flatley.	Tata McGraw-Hill	10 <sup>th</sup>	2005
7.	Nonverbal Communication: Notes on the Visual Perception of Human Relations	Ruesh, Jurgen and Weldon Kees	University of California Press		1966
8.	Business Communication Today	Bovee, Courtland L.; Thill, John V.	Pearson Education Ltd.		2015
9.	Communication Skills	Dr. Nageshwar Rao Dr. Rajendra P. Das	Himalaya Publishing House		

<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – I</b>	
<b>Course Name: Communication Skills Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT1P5</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical Questions:</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Communication Origami, Guessing Game, Guessing the emotion</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>Body Language, Follow All Instructions, Effective Feedback Skills</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>The Name Game, Square Talk (Effective Communication), Room 101 (Influential and persuasive skills)</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>Back to Back Communication, Paper Shapes (Importance of two-way communication), Memory Test(Presentation Skills)</b>
<b>5.</b>	<b>Exercises on Communication Principles</b>
<b>6.</b>	<b>Exercises on communication icebreakers</b>
<b>7.</b>	<b>Communication exercises</b>
	<b>For the following practicals, Microsoft Office, Open Office, Libre Office or any other software suite can be used.</b>
<b>8.</b>	<b>Use of word processing tools for communication</b>
<b>9.</b>	<b>Use of spreadsheet tools for communication</b>
<b>10.</b>	<b>Use of presentation tools for communication</b>

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# **SEMESTER II**

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<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Object Oriented Programming</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT201</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Object Oriented Methodology:</b> Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages of Procedure Oriented Languages, what is Object Oriented? What is Object Oriented Development? Object Oriented Themes, Benefits and Application of OOPS. <b>Principles of OOPS:</b> OOPS Paradigm, Basic Concepts of OOPS: Objects, Classes, Data Abstraction and Data Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Dynamic Binding, Message Passing	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Classes and Objects:</b> Simple classes (Class specification, class members accessing), Defining member functions, passing object as an argument, Returning object from functions, friend classes, Pointer to object, Array of pointer to object. <b>Constructors and Destructors:</b> Introduction, Default Constructor, Parameterized Constructor and examples, Destructors	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<b>Polymorphism:</b> Concept of function overloading, overloaded operators, overloading unary and binary operators, overloading comparison operator, overloading arithmetic assignment operator, Data Conversion between objects and basic types, <b>Virtual Functions:</b> Introduction and need, Pure Virtual Functions, Static Functions, this Pointer, abstract classes, virtual destructors.	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<b>Program development using Inheritance:</b> Introduction, understanding inheritance, Advantages provided by inheritance, choosing the access specifier, Derived class declaration, derived class constructors, class hierarchies, multiple inheritance, multilevel inheritance, containership, hybrid inheritance. <b>Exception Handling:</b> Introduction, Exception Handling Mechanism, Concept of throw & catch with example	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>Templates:</b> Introduction, Function Template and examples, Class Template and examples. <b>Working with Files:</b> Introduction, File Operations, Various File Modes, File Pointer and their Manipulation	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	Timothy Budd	TMH	3 <sup>rd</sup>	2012
2.	Mastering C++	K R Venugopal, Rajkumar Buyya, T Ravishankar	Tata McGraw Hill	2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	2011

3.	C++ for beginners	B. M. Hirwani	SPD		2013
4.	Effective Modern C++	Scott Meyers	SPD		
5.	Object Oriented Programming with C++	E. Balagurusamy	Tata McGraw Hill	4 <sup>th</sup>	
6.	Learning Python	Mark Lutz	O' Reilly	5 <sup>th</sup>	2013
7.	Mastering Object Oriented Python	Steven F. Lott	Pact Publishing		2014



<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Object Oriented Programming Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT2P1</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical: To be implemented using object oriented language</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Classes and methods</b>
a.	Design an employee class for reading and displaying the employee information, the getInfo() and displayInfo() methods will be used respectively. Where getInfo() will be private method
b.	Design the class student containing getData() and displayData() as two of its methods which will be used for reading and displaying the student information respectively. Where getData() will be private method.
c.	Design the class Demo which will contain the following methods: readNo(), factorial() for calculating the factorial of a number, reverseNo() will reverse the given number, isPalindrome() will check the given number is palindrome, isArmstrong() which will calculate the given number is armStrong or not. Where readNo() will be private method.
d.	Write a program to demonstrate function definition outside class and accessing class members in function definition.
<b>2.</b>	<b>Using friend functions.</b>
a.	Write a friend function for adding the two complex numbers, using a single class
b.	Write a friend function for adding the two different distances and display its sum, using two classes.
c.	Write a friend function for adding the two matrix from two different classes and display its sum.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Constructors and method overloading.</b>
a.	Design a class Complex for adding the two complex numbers and also show the use of constructor.
b.	Design a class Geometry containing the methods area() and volume() and also overload the area() function .
c.	Design a class StaticDemo to show the implementation of static variable and static function.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Operator Overloading</b>
a.	Overload the operator unary(-) for demonstrating operator overloading.
b.	Overload the operator + for adding the timings of two clocks, And also pass objects as an argument.
c.	Overload the + for concatenating the two strings. For e.g “Py” + “thon” = Python
<b>5.</b>	<b>Inheritance</b>
a.	Design a class for single level inheritance using public and private type derivation.
b.	Design a class for multiple inheritance.
c.	Implement the hierarchical inheritance.

<b>6.</b>	<b>Virtual functions and abstract classes</b>
a.	Implement the concept of method overriding.
b.	Show the use of virtual function
c.	Show the implementation of abstract class.
<b>7.</b>	<b>String handling</b>
a.	String operations for string length , string concatenation
b.	String operations for string reverse, string comparison,
c.	Console formatting functions.
<b>8.</b>	<b>Exception handling</b>
a.	Show the implementation of exception handling
b.	Show the implementation for exception handling for strings
c.	Show the implementation of exception handling for using the pointers.
<b>9.</b>	<b>File handling</b>
a.	Design a class FileDemo open a file in read mode and display the total number of words and lines in the file.
b.	Design a class to handle multiple files and file operations
c.	Design a editor for appending and editing the files
<b>10.</b>	<b>Templates</b>
a.	Show the implementation for the following
b.	Show the implementation of template class library for swap function.
c.	Design the template class library for sorting ascending to descending and vice-versa

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
Course Name: Microprocessor Architecture		Course Code: USIT202	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Evaluation System	<b>Theory Examination</b>	2½	75
	<b>Internal</b>	--	25

Unit	Details	Lectures
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Microprocessor, microcomputers, and Assembly Language:</b> Microprocessor, Microprocessor Instruction Set and Computer Languages, From Large Computers to Single-Chip Microcontrollers, Applications.</p> <p><b>Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer System:</b> Microprocessor Architecture and its operation's, Memory, I/O Devices, Microcomputer System, Logic Devices and Interfacing, Microprocessor-Based System Application.</p> <p><b>8085 Microprocessor Architecture and Memory Interface:</b> Introduction, 8085 Microprocessor unit, 8085-Based Microcomputer, Memory Interfacing, Interfacing the 8155 Memory Segment, Illustrative Example: Designing Memory for the MCTS Project, Testing and Troubleshooting Memory Interfacing Circuit, 8085-Based Single-Board microcomputer.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Interfacing of I/O Devices</b> Basic Interfacing concepts, Interfacing Output Displays, Interfacing Input Devices, Memory Mapped I/O, Testing and Troubleshooting I/O Interfacing Circuits.</p> <p><b>Introduction to 8085 Assembly Language Programming:</b> The 8085 Programming Model, Instruction Classification, Instruction, Data and Storage, Writing assembling and Execution of a simple program, Overview of 8085 Instruction Set, Writing and Assembling Program.</p> <p><b>Introduction to 8085 Instructions:</b> Data Transfer Operations, Arithmetic Operations, Logic Operation, Branch Operation, Writing Assembly Languages Programs, Debugging a Program.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Programming Techniques With Additional Instructions:</b> Programming Techniques: Looping, Counting and Indexing, Additional Data Transfer and 16-Bit Arithmetic Instructions, Arithmetic Instruction Related to Memory, Logic Operations: Rotate, Logics Operations: Compare, Dynamic Debugging.</p> <p><b>Counters and Time Delays:</b> Counters and Time Delays, Illustrative Program: Hexadecimal Counter, Illustrative Program: zero-to-nine (Modulo Ten) Counter, Generating Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay Programs.</p> <p><b>Stacks and Sub-Routines:</b> Stack, Subroutine, Restart, Conditional Call, Return Instructions, Advanced Subroutine concepts.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Code Conversion, BCD Arithmetic, and 16-Bit Data Operations:</b> BCD-to-Binary Conversion, Binary-to-BCD Conversion, BCD-to-Seven-Segment-LED Code Conversion, Binary-to-ASCII and ASCII-to-Binary Code Conversion, BCD Addition, BCD Subtraction, Introduction To Advanced Instructions and Applications, Multiplication, Subtraction With Carry.</p> <p><b>Software Development System and Assemblers:</b> Microprocessors-Based Software Development system, Operating System and Programming Tools, Assemblers and Cross-Assemblers, Writing Program Using Cross Assemblers.</p> <p><b>Interrupts:</b> The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored Interrupts, Restart as S/W Instructions, Additional I/O Concepts and processes.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>The Pentium and Pentium Pro microprocessors:</b> Introduction, Special Pentium registers, Memory management, Pentium instructions, Pentium Pro microprocessor, Special Pentium Pro features.</p> <p><b>Core 2 and later Microprocessors:</b> Introduction, Pentium II software changes, Pentium IV and Core 2, i3, i5 and i7.</p> <p><b>SUN SPARC Microprocessor:</b> Architecture, Register file, data types and instruction format</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Microprocessors Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085.	Ramesh Gaonkar	PENRAM	Fifth	2012
2.	Computer System Architecture	M. Morris Mano	PHI		1998
3.	Structured Computer Organization	Andrew C. Tanenbaum	PHI		

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Microprocessor Architecture Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT2P2</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Perform the following Operations related to memory locations.</b>
a.	Store the data byte 32H into memory location 4000H.
b.	Exchange the contents of memory locations 2000H and 4000H
<b>2.</b>	<b>Simple assembly language programs.</b>
a.	Subtract the contents of memory location 4001H from the memory location 2000H and place the result in memory location 4002H.
b.	Subtract two 8-bit numbers.
c.	Add the 16-bit number in memory locations 4000H and 4001H to the 16-bit number in memory locations 4002H and 4003H. The most significant eight bits of the two numbers to be added are in memory locations 4001H and 4003H. Store the result in memory locations 4004H and 4005H with the most significant byte in memory location 4005H.
d.	Add the contents of memory locations 40001H and 4001H and place the result in the memory locations 4002H and 4003H.
e.	Subtract the 16-bit number in memory locations 4002H and 4003H from the 16-bit number in memory locations 4000H and 4001H. The most significant eight bits of the two numbers are in memory locations 4001H and 4003H. Store the result in memory locations 4004H and 4005H with the most significant byte in memory location 4005H.
f.	Find the 1's complement of the number stored at memory location 4400H and store the complemented number at memory location 4300H.
g.	Find the 2's complement of the number stored at memory location 4200H and store the complemented number at memory location 4300H.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Packing and unpacking operations.</b>
a.	Pack the two unpacked BCD numbers stored in memory locations 4200H and 4201H and store result in memory location 4300H. Assume the least significant digit is stored at 4200H.
b.	Two digit BCD number is stored in memory location 4200H. Unpack the BCD number and store the two digits in memory locations 4300H and 4301H such that memory location 4300H will have lower BCD digit.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Register Operations.</b>
a.	Write a program to shift an eight bit data four bits right. Assume that data is in register C.
b.	Program to shift a 16-bit data 1 bit left. Assume data is in the HL register pair
c.	Write a set of instructions to alter the contents of flag register in 8085.
d.	Write a program to count number of 1's in the contents of D register and store the count in the B register.

<b>5.</b>	<b>Multiple memory locations.</b>
a.	Calculate the sum of series of numbers. The length of the series is in memory location 4200H and the series begins from memory location 4201H. a. Consider the sum to be 8 bit number. So, ignore carries. Store the sum at memory location 4300H. b. Consider the sum to be 16 bit number. Store the sum at memory locations 4300H and 4301H
b.	Multiply two 8-bit numbers stored in memory locations 2200H and 2201H by repetitive addition and store the result in memory locations 2300H and 2301H.
c.	Divide 16 bit number stored in memory locations 2200H and 2201H by the 8 bit number stored at memory location 2202H. Store the quotient in memory locations 2300H and 2301H and remainder in memory locations 2302H and 2303H.
d.	Find the number of negative elements (most significant bit 1) in a block of data. The length of the block is in memory location 2200H and the block itself begins in memory location 2201H. Store the number of negative elements in memory location 2300H
e.	Find the largest number in a block of data. The length of the block is in memory location 2200H and the block itself starts from memory location 2201H. Store the maximum number in memory location 2300H. Assume that the numbers in the block are all 8 bit unsigned binary numbers.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Calculations with respect to memory locations.</b>
a.	Write a program to sort given 10 numbers from memory location 2200H in the ascending order.
b.	Calculate the sum of series of even numbers from the list of numbers. The length of the list is in memory location 2200H and the series itself begins from memory location 2201H. Assume the sum to be 8 bit number so you can ignore carries and store the sum at memory location 2300H. Sample problem:
c.	Calculate the sum of series of odd numbers from the list of numbers. The length of the list is in memory location 2200H and the series itself begins from memory location 2201H. Assume the sum to be 16-bit. Store the sum at memory locations 2300H and 2301H.
d.	Find the square of the given numbers from memory location 6100H and store the result from memory location 7000H
e.	Search the given byte in the list of 50 numbers stored in the consecutive memory locations and store the address of memory location in the memory locations 2200H and 2201H. Assume byte is in the C register and starting address of the list is 2000H. If byte is not found store 00 at 2200H and 2201H
f.	Two decimal numbers six digits each, are stored in BCD package form. Each number occupies a sequence of byte in the memory. The starting address of first number is 6000H Write an assembly language program that adds these two numbers and stores the sum in the same format starting from memory location 6200H
g.	Add 2 arrays having ten 8-bit numbers each and generate a third array of result. It is necessary to add the first element of array 1 with the first element of array-2 and so on. The starting addresses of array 1, array2 and array3 are 2200H, 2300H and 2400H, respectively

<b>7.</b>	<b>Assembly programs on memory locations.</b>
a.	Write an assembly language program to separate even numbers from the given list of 50 numbers and store them in the another list starting from 2300H. Assume starting address of 50 number list is 2200H
b.	Write assembly language program with proper comments for the following: A block of data consisting of 256 bytes is stored in memory starting at 3000H. This block is to be shifted (relocated) in memory from 3050H onwards. Do not shift the block or part of the block anywhere else in the memory.
c.	Add even parity to a string of 7-bit ASCII characters. The length of the string is in memory location 2040H and the string itself begins in memory location 2041H. Place even parity in the most significant bit of each character.
d.	A list of 50 numbers is stored in memory, starting at 6000H. Find number of negative, zero and positive numbers from this list and store these results in memory locations 7000H, 7001H, and 7002H respectively
e.	Write an assembly language program to generate fibonacci number.
f.	Program to calculate the factorial of a number between 0 to 8.
<b>8.</b>	<b>String operations in assembly programs.</b>
a.	Write an 8085 assembly language program to insert a string of four characters from the tenth location in the given array of 50 characters
b.	Write an 8085 assembly language program to delete a string of 4 characters from the tenth location in the given array of 50 characters.
c.	Multiply the 8-bit unsigned number in memory location 2200H by the 8-bit unsigned number in memory location 2201H. Store the 8 least significant bits of the result in memory location 2300H and the 8 most significant bits in memory location 2301H.
d.	Divide the 16-bit unsigned number in memory locations 2200H and 2201H (most significant bits in 2201H) by the B-bit unsigned number in memory location 2300H store the quotient in memory location 2400H and remainder in 2401H
e.	DAA instruction is not present. Write a sub routine which will perform the same task as DAA.
<b>9.</b>	<b>Calculations on memory locations.</b>
a.	To test RAM by writing '1' and reading it back and later writing '0' (zero) and reading it back. RAM addresses to be checked are 40FFH to 40FFH. In case of any error, it is indicated by writing 01H at port 10
b.	Arrange an array of 8 bit unsigned no in descending order
c.	Transfer ten bytes of data from one memory to another memory block. Source memory block starts from memory location 2200H where as destination memory block starts from memory location 2300H
d.	Write a program to find the Square Root of an 8 bit binary number. The binary number is stored in memory location 4200H and store the square root in 4201H.
e.	Write a simple program to Split a HEX data into two nibbles and store it in memory
<b>10.</b>	<b>Operations on BCD numbers.</b>
a.	Add two 4 digit BCD numbers in HL and DE register pairs and store result in memory locations, 2300H and 2301H. Ignore carry after 16 bit.
b.	Subtract the BCD number stored in E register from the number stored in the D register
c.	Write an assembly language program to multiply 2 BCD numbers

**Books and References:**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Microprocessors Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085.	Ramesh Gaonkar	PENRAM	Fifth	2012
2.	8080A/8085 Assembly Language Programming	Lance A. Leventhel	Osborne		1978



<b>B. Sc (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Web Programming</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT203</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Internet and the World Wide Web:</b>            What is Internet? Introduction to internet and its applications, E-mail, telnet, FTP, e-commerce, video conferencing, e-business. Internet service providers, domain name server, internet address, World Wide Web (WWW): World Wide Web and its evolution, uniform resource locator (URL), browsers – internet explorer, Netscape navigator, opera, Firefox, chrome, Mozilla. search engine, web saver – apache, IIS, proxy server, HTTP protocol</p> <p><b>HTML5:</b>            Introduction, Why HTML5? Formatting text by using tags, using lists and backgrounds, Creating hyperlinks and anchors. Style sheets, CSS formatting text using style sheets, formatting paragraphs using style sheets.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>HTML5 Page layout and navigation:</b>            Creating navigational aids: planning site organization, creating text based navigation bar, creating graphics based navigation bar, creating graphical navigation bar, creating image map, redirecting to another URL, creating division based layouts: HTML5 semantic tags, creating divisions, creating HTML5 semantic layout, positioning and formatting divisions.</p> <p><b>HTML5 Tables, Forms and Media:</b>            Creating tables: creating simple table, specifying the size of the table, specifying the width of the column, merging table cells, using tables for page layout, formatting tables: applying table borders, applying background and foreground fills, changing cell padding, spacing and alignment, creating user forms: creating basic form, using check boxes and option buttons, creating lists, additional input types in HTML5, Incorporating sound and video: audio and video in HTML5, HTML multimedia basics, embedding video clips, incorporating audio on web page.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Java Script:</b> Introduction, Client-Side JavaScript, Server-Side JavaScript, JavaScript Objects, JavaScript Security,</p> <p><b>Operators:</b> Assignment Operators, Comparison Operators, Arithmetic Operators, % (Modulus), ++(Increment), --(Decrement), -(Unary Negation), Logical Operators, Short-Circuit Evaluation, String Operators, Special Operators, ?: (Conditional operator), , (Comma operator), delete, new, this, void</p> <p><b>Statements:</b> Break, comment, continue, delete, do...while, export, for, for...in, function, if...else, import, labelled, return, switch, var, while, with,</p>	<b>12</b>

	<p><b>Core JavaScript (Properties and Methods of Each) :</b> Array, Boolean, Date, Function, Math, Number, Object, String, regExp</p> <p><b>Document and its associated objects:</b> document, Link, Area, Anchor, Image, Applet, Layer</p> <p><b>Events and Event Handlers :</b> General Information about Events, Defining Event Handlers, event, onAbort, onBlur, onChange, onClick, onDbClick, onDragDrop, onError, onFocus, onKeyDown, onKeyPress, onKeyUp, onLoad, onMouseDown, onMouseMove, onMouseOut, onMouseOver, onMouseUp, onMove, onReset, onResize, onSelect, onSubmit, onUnload</p>	
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>PHP:</b> Why PHP and MySQL? Server-side scripting, PHP syntax and variables, comments, types, control structures, branching, looping, termination, functions, passing information with PHP, GET, POST, formatting form variables, superglobal arrays, strings and string functions, regular expressions, arrays, number handling, basic PHP errors/problems</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Advanced PHP and MySQL :</b> PHP/MySQL Functions, Integrating web forms and databases, Displaying queries in tables, Building Forms from queries, String and Regular Expressions, Sessions, Cookies and HTTP, E-Mail</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Web Design The Complete Reference	Thomas Powell	Tata McGraw Hill		-
2.	HTML5 Step by Step	Faithe Wempen	Microsoft Press		2011
3.	PHP 5.1 for Beginners	Ivan Bayross Sharanam Shah,	SPD		2013
4.	PHP Project for Beginners	SharanamShah, Vaishali Shah	SPD		2015
5.					
6.	PHP 6 and MySQL Bible	Steve Suehring, Tim Converse, Joyce Park	Wiley		2009
7.	Head First HTML 5 programming	Eric Freeman	O'Reilly		2013
8.	JavaScript 2.0: The Complete Reference	Thomas Powell and Fritz Schneider	Tata McGraw Hill	2 <sup>nd</sup>	

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Web Programming Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT2P3</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Use of Basic Tags</b>
a.	Design a web page using different text formatting tags.
b.	Design a web page with links to different pages and allow navigation between web pages.
c.	Design a web page demonstrating all Style sheet types
<b>2.</b>	<b>Image maps, Tables, Forms and Media</b>
a.	Design a web page with Imagemaps.
b.	Design a web page demonstrating different semantics
c.	Design a web page with different tables. Design a webpages using table so that the content appears well placed.
d.	Design a web page with a form that uses all types of controls.
e.	Design a web page embedding with multimedia features.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Java Script</b>
a.	Using JavaScript design, a web page that prints factorial/Fibonacci series/any given series.
b.	Design a form and validate all the controls placed on the form using Java Script.
c.	Write a JavaScript program to display all the prime numbers between 1 and 100.
a.	Write a JavaScript program to accept a number from the user and display the sum of its digits.
d.	Write a program in JavaScript to accept a sentence from the user and display the number of words in it. (Do not use split () function).
e.	Write a java script program to design simple calculator.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Control and looping statements and Java Script references</b>
a.	Design a web page demonstrating different conditional statements.
b.	Design a web page demonstrating different looping statements.
c.	Design a web page demonstrating different Core JavaScript references (Array, Boolean, Date, Function, Math, Number, Object, String, regExp).
<b>5.</b>	<b>Basic PHP I</b>
a.	Write a PHP Program to accept a number from the user and print it factorial.
b.	Write a PHP program to accept a number from the user and print whether it is prime or not.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Basic PHP II</b>
a.	Write a PHP code to find the greater of 2 numbers. Accept the no. from the user.

b.	Write a PHP program to display the following Binary Pyramid: <pre> 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 </pre>
<b>7. String Functions and arrays</b>	
a.	Write a PHP program to demonstrate different string functions.
b.	Write a PHP program to create one dimensional array.
<b>8. PHP and Database</b>	
a.	Write a PHP code to create: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create a database College</li> <li>• Create a table Department (Dname, Dno, Number_Of_faculty)</li> </ul>
b.	Write a PHP program to create a database named “College”. Create a table named “Student” with following fields (sno, sname, percentage). Insert 3 records of your choice. Display the names of the students whose percentage is between 35 to 75 in a tabular format.
c.	Design a PHP page for authenticating a user.
<b>9. Email</b>	
a.	Write a program to send email with attachment.
<b>10. Sessions and Cookies</b>	
a.	Write a program to demonstrate use of sessions and cookies.

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	HTML5 Step by Step	Faithe Wempen	Microsoft Press		2011
2.	JavaScript 2.0: The Complete Reference	Thomas Powell and Fritz Schneider	Tata McGraw Hill	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3.	PHP 6 and MySQL Bible	Steve Suehring, Tim Converse, Joyce Park	Wiley		2009
4.	PHP 5.1 for Beginners	Ivan Bayross Sharanam Shah,	SPD		2013
5.	PHP Project for Beginners	SharanamShah, Vaishali Shah	SPD		2015
6.	Murach’s PHP and MySQL	Joel Murach Ray Harris	SPD		2011

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Numerical and Statistical Methods</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT204</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Mathematical Modeling and Engineering Problem Solving:</b> A Simple Mathematical Model, Conservation Laws and Engineering Problems</p> <p><b>Approximations and Round-Off Errors:</b> Significant Figures, Accuracy and Precision, Error Definitions, Round-Off Errors</p> <p><b>Truncation Errors and the Taylor Series:</b> The Taylor Series, Error Propagation, Total Numerical Errors, Formulation Errors and Data Uncertainty</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations:</b> The Bisection Method, The Newton-Raphson Method, The Regula-falsi method, The Secant Method.</p> <p><b>Interpolation:</b> Forward Difference, Backward Difference, Newton's Forward Difference Interpolation, Newton's Backward Difference Interpolation, Lagrange's Interpolation.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Solution of simultaneous algebraic equations (linear) using iterative methods:</b> Gauss-Jordan Method, Gauss-Seidel Method.</p> <p><b>Numerical differentiation and Integration:</b> Numerical differentiation, Numerical integration using Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's 1/3<sup>rd</sup> and 3/8<sup>th</sup> rules.</p> <p><b>Numerical solution of 1st and 2nd order differential equations:</b> Taylor series, Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method, Runge-Kutta Method for 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Order Differential Equations.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Least-Squares Regression:</b> Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, General Linear Least Squares, Nonlinear Regression</p> <p><b>Linear Programming:</b> Linear optimization problem, Formulation and Graphical solution, Basic solution and Feasible solution.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Random variables:</b> Discrete and Continuous random variables, Probability density function, Probability distribution of random variables, Expected value, Variance.</p> <p><b>Distributions:</b> Discrete distributions: Uniform, Binomial, Poisson, Bernoulli, Continuous distributions: uniform distributions, exponential, (derivation of mean and variance only and state other properties and discuss their applications) Normal distribution state all the properties and its applications.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Introductory Methods of Numerical Methods	S. S. Shastri	PHI	Vol – 2	
2.	Numerical Methods for Engineers	Steven C. Chapra, Raymond P. Canale	Tata Mc Graw Hill	6 <sup>th</sup>	2010
3.	Numerical Analysis	Richard L. Burden, J. Douglas Faires	Cengage Learning	9 <sup>th</sup>	2011
4.	Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics	S. C. Gupta, V. K. Kapoor			
5.	Elements of Applied Mathematics	P.N.Wartikar and J.N.Wartikar	A. V. Griha, Pune	Volume 1 and 2	

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Numerical and Statistical Methods Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT2P4</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>List of Practical</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>Iterative Calculation</b>
a.	Program for iterative calculation.
b.	Program to calculate the roots of a quadratic equation using the formula.
c.	Program to evaluate $e^x$ using infinite series.
<b>2.</b>	<b>Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations:</b>
a.	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by bisection method.
b.	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by false position method.
c.	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by Secant method.
d.	Program to solve algebraic and transcendental equation by Newton Raphson method.
<b>3.</b>	<b>Interpolation</b>
a.	Program for Newton's forward interpolation.
b.	Program for Newton's backward interpolation.
c.	Program for Lagrange's interpolation.
<b>4.</b>	<b>Solving linear system of equations by iterative methods</b>
a.	Program for solving linear system of equations using Gauss Jordan method.
b.	Program for solving linear system of equations using Gauss Seidel method.
<b>5.</b>	<b>Numerical Differentiation</b>
a.	Programing to obtain derivatives numerically.
<b>6.</b>	<b>Numerical Integration</b>
a.	Program for numerical integration using Trapezoidal rule.
b.	Program for numerical integration using Simpson's 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> rule.
c.	Program for numerical integration using Simpson's 3/8 <sup>th</sup> rule.
<b>7.</b>	<b>Solution of differential equations</b>
a.	Program to solve differential equation using Euler's method
b.	Program to solve differential equation using modified Euler's method.
c.	Program to solve differential equation using Runge-kutta 2 <sup>nd</sup> order and 4 <sup>th</sup> order methods.
<b>8.</b>	<b>Regression</b>
a.	Program for Linear regression.
b.	Program for Polynomial Regression.

c.	Program for multiple linear regression.
d.	Program for non-linear regression.
<b>9.</b>	<b>Random variables and distributions</b>
a.	Program to generate random variables.
b.	Program to fit binomial distribution.
c.	Program to fit Poisson distribution.
<b>10.</b>	<b>Distributions</b>
a.	Program for Uniform distribution.
b.	Program for Bernoulli distribution
c.	Program for Negative binomial distribution.



<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Green Computing</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT205</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>5</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Theory Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>75</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>25</b>

<b>Unit</b>	<b>Details</b>	<b>Lectures</b>
<b>I</b>	<p><b>Overview and Issues:</b> Problems: Toxins, Power Consumption, Equipment Disposal, Company's Carbon Footprint: Measuring, Details, reasons to bother, Plan for the Future, Cost Savings: Hardware, Power.</p> <p><b>Initiatives and Standards:</b> Global Initiatives: United Nations, Basel Action Network, Basel Convention, North America: The United States, Canada, Australia, Europe, WEEE Directive, RoHS, National Adoption, Asia: Japan, China, Korea.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>II</b>	<p><b>Minimizing Power Usage:</b> Power Problems, Monitoring Power Usage, Servers, Low-Cost Options, Reducing Power Use, Data De-Duplication, Virtualization, Management, Bigger Drives, Involving the Utility Company, Low-Power Computers, PCs, Linux, Components, Servers, Computer Settings, Storage, Monitors, Power Supplies, Wireless Devices, Software.</p> <p><b>Cooling:</b> Cooling Costs, Power Cost, Causes of Cost, Calculating Cooling Needs, Reducing Cooling Costs, Economizers, On-Demand Cooling, HP's Solution, Optimizing Airflow, Hot Aisle/Cold Aisle, Raised Floors, Cable Management, Vapour Seal, Prevent Recirculation of Equipment Exhaust, Supply Air Directly to Heat Sources, Fans, Humidity, Adding Cooling, Fluid Considerations, System Design, Datacentre Design, Centralized Control, Design for Your Needs, Put Everything Together.</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>III</b>	<p><b>Changing the Way of Work:</b> Old Behaviours, starting at the Top, Process Reengineering with Green in Mind, Analysing the Global Impact of Local Actions, Steps: Water, Recycling, Energy, Pollutants, Teleworkers and Outsourcing, Telecommuting, Outsourcing, how to Outsource.</p> <p><b>Going Paperless:</b> Paper Problems, The Environment, Costs: Paper and Office, Practicality, Storage, Destruction, Going Paperless, Organizational Realities, Changing Over, Paperless Billing, Handheld Computers vs. the Clipboard, Unified Communications, Intranets, What to Include, Building an Intranet, Microsoft Office SharePoint Server 2007, Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), Nuts and Bolts, Value Added Networks, Advantages, Obstacles.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>IV</b>	<p><b>Recycling:</b> Problems, China, Africa, Materials, Means of Disposal, Recycling, Refurbishing, Make the Decision, Life Cycle, from beginning to end, Life, Cost, Green Design, Recycling Companies, Finding the Best One, Checklist, Certifications, Hard Drive Recycling, Consequences, cleaning a Hard Drive, Pros and cons of each method, CDs and DVDs, good and bad about CD and DVDs disposal, Change the mind-set, David vs. America Online</p> <p><b>Hardware Considerations:</b> Certification Programs, EPEAT, RoHS, Energy Star, Computers, Monitors, Printers, Scanners, All-in-Ones, Thin Clients, Servers, Blade Servers, Consolidation, Products, Hardware Considerations, Planned Obsolescence, Packaging, Toxins, Other Factors, Remote Desktop, Using Remote Desktop, Establishing a Connection, In Practice</p>	<b>12</b>
<b>V</b>	<p><b>Greening Your Information Systems:</b> Initial Improvement Calculations, Selecting Metrics, Tracking Progress, Change Business Processes, Customer Interaction, Paper Reduction, Green Supply Chain, Improve Technology Infrastructure, Reduce PCs and Servers, Shared Services, Hardware Costs, Cooling.</p> <p><b>Staying Green:</b> Organizational Check-ups, Chief Green Officer, Evolution, Sell the CEO, SMART Goals, Equipment Check-ups, Gather Data, Tracking the data, Baseline Data, Benchmarking, Analyse Data, Conduct Audits, Certifications, Benefits, Realities, Helpful Organizations.</p>	<b>12</b>

<b>Books and References:</b>					
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Author/s</b>	<b>Publisher</b>	<b>Edition</b>	<b>Year</b>
1.	Green IT	Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter	McGraw Hill		2008
2.	Green Data Center: Steps for the Journey	Alvin Galea, Michael Schaefer, Mike Ebbers	Shroff Publishers and Distributers		2011
3.	Green Computing and Green IT Best Practice	Jason Harris	Emereo		
4.	Green Computing Tools and Techniques for Saving Energy, Money and Resources	Bud E. Smith	CRC Press		2014

<b>B. Sc. (Information Technology)</b>		<b>Semester – II</b>	
<b>Course Name: Green Computing Practical</b>		<b>Course Code: USIT2P5</b>	
<b>Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)</b>		<b>3</b>	
<b>Credits</b>		<b>2</b>	
		<b>Hours</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	<b>2½</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Internal</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

<b>Project and Viva Voce</b>	
<b>1.</b>	<b>A project should be done based on the objectives of Green Computing. A report of minimum 50 pages should be prepared. The report should have a font size of 12, Times new roman and 1.5 line spacing. The headings should have font size 14. The report should be hard bound.</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>The project can be done individually or a group of two students.</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>The students will have to present the project during the examination.</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>A certified copy of the project report is essential to appear for the examination.</b>

**Evaluation Scheme:****1. Internal Evaluation (25 Marks).****i. Test: 1 Class test of 20 marks. (Can be taken online)**

<b>Q</b>	<b>Attempt <i>any four</i> of the following:</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>a.</b>		
<b>b.</b>		
<b>c.</b>		
<b>d.</b>		
<b>e.</b>		
<b>f.</b>		

**ii. 5 marks: Active participation in the class, overall conduct, attendance.****2. External Examination: (75 marks)**

	<b>All questions are compulsory</b>	
<b>Q1</b>	<b>(Based on Unit 1) Attempt <i>any three</i> of the following:</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>a.</b>		
<b>b.</b>		
<b>c.</b>		
<b>d.</b>		
<b>e.</b>		
<b>f.</b>		
<b>Q2</b>	<b>(Based on Unit 2) Attempt <i>any three</i> of the following:</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Q3</b>	<b>(Based on Unit 3) Attempt <i>any three</i> of the following:</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Q4</b>	<b>(Based on Unit 4) Attempt <i>any three</i> of the following:</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Q5</b>	<b>(Based on Unit 5) Attempt <i>any three</i> of the following:</b>	<b>15</b>

**3. Practical Exam: 50 marks**

**A Certified copy journal is essential to appear for the practical examination.**

<b>1.</b>	<b>Practical Question 1</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>Practical Question 2</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>Journal</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>Viva Voce</b>	<b>5</b>

**OR**

<b>1.</b>	<b>Practical Question</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>Journal</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>Viva Voce</b>	<b>5</b>